Environmental and Social Assessment For

Establishment of University Innovation Hub at Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology (BUET), Dhaka, Bangladesh



August 2023

Digital Entrepreneurship and Innovation Eco-system Development Project Bangladesh Hi-Tech Park Authority (BHTPA) ICT Division, Ministry of Posts, Telecommunications and ICT Agargaon, Dhaka - 1207

Name	Digital Entrepreneurship and Innovation Eco-System Development Project (DEIEDP) under PRIDE Bangladesh Hi-Tech Park Authority
Report For	Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology (BUET), Dhaka, Bangladesh

Version		Prepared by	Reviewed by
	Date		
Final	August, 2023	Dr. Md. Billal Hossain Environmental Specialist & Md. Nazrul Islam Social Specialist	Abul Fatah Md. Baligur Rahman Project Director Digital Entrepreneurship and Innovation Eco-System Development Project

Distribution List	Date Issued	Number of Copies
DEIEDP	August, 2023	3

The information within this document is and shall remain the property of Digita Entrepreneurship and Innovation Eco-System Development Project (DEIEDP) under PRID Bangladesh Hi-Tech Park Authority

Table of Contents

Sl. No.	Subjects	Page
1.	Introduction	4
1.1	Project Background	4
1.2	Objectives of ESA	5
1.3	Scope of the ESA	5
1.4	Approach and Methodology	6
2.	Sub-component Description	6
2.1	Planned Activities	7
2.2	Justification of Establishing Innovation Hub at BUET	7
2.3	Location of the Project	8
2.4	Present condition of the proposed Innovation Hub site	9
2.5	Proposed Interior Layout Plan with Planned Activities	12
2.6	Estimated Budget for Innovation Hub	12
2.7	Project Phases and Activities	12
2.7.1	Planning and Pre-Construction Phase	13
2.7.2	Construction Phase	13
2.7.3	Operation and Maintenance Phase	13
3.	Potential Environmental and Social Risks, Impact and Mitigation	13
	Measures	
4.	Stakeholder Consultation	16
4.1	Introduction	16
4.2	Approach and Methodology for Consultation	16
4.3	Consultation	16
5.	Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) including Cost	21
5.1	Introduction	21
6.	Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan	25
6.1	Introduction	25
6.2	Objectives	26
7.	Grievance Mechanism	31
7.1	Grievance Mechanism Structure	31
7.2	GRM Monitoring and Reporting	32
7.3	GRM contact information -DEIEDP/ BHTPA	32

1. Introduction

1.1 Project Background

To make Bangladesh a middle-income country Information and Communication Technology (ICT) has been performing an important role. It is also playing a significant role in becoming a smart country by 2041 by transforming into a developed country through overall development. The Bangladesh Hi-Tech Park Authority (BHTPA) was established in 2010 to accelerate the country's economic development, encourage digital entrepreneurship and generate private investment and employment in the IT and IT-enabled services (ITES) industries. BHTPA is also mandated to establish, operate and develop and expand Hi-Tech Parks (HTPs) and Software Technology Parks (STPs) at various locations within the country.

The World Bank's Private Investment & Digital Entrepreneurship (PRIDE) project is aimed to promote private investment and job creation in economic zones and digital entrepreneurship in hitech parks. The project will spearhead the adoption and mainstreaming of green industrial park concepts in the implementation and development of economic zones in Bangladesh. The project has four components. The first three components will be implemented by Bangladesh Export Processing Zone Authority (BEZA) and the fourth component will be implemented by Bangladesh Hi-Tech Park Authority (BHTPA). Components 1-3 are not discussed here as they are not under the jurisdiction of BHTPA. Only the activities of Component - 4 for the period January-April 2023 are discussed here.

The proposed Bangladesh Private Investment & Digital Entrepreneurship (PRIDE) Project has four components:

Component 1: Creating an Enabling Environment for Private Investment and Job Creation

Sub-component 1.1: Promoting good governance and administrative efficiency

Sub-component 1.2: Promoting public private participation

Component 2: Supporting phased development of the BSMSN Green Industrial City

Sub-component 2.1: Developing environmentally sustainable and resilience infrastructure

Sub-component 2.2: Last mile infrastructure to implement the Master Plan for BSMSN

Component 3: Creating a dynamic private market for serviced industrial land

Component 4: Strengthening the digital entrepreneurship and innovation ecosystem

Sub-component 4.1: Establishing Digital Entrepreneurship Hub in Dhaka

Sub-component 4.2: Digital Entrepreneurship and Innovation Support Program

Component – 4: Strengthening the Digital Entrepreneurship and Innovation Ecosystem Implementing Agency: Bangladesh Hi-Tech Park Authority (BHTPA)

This component aims to strengthen the foundation of the digital entrepreneurship and innovation ecosystem in Bangladesh. It will create the country's largest agglomeration of IT and ITeS companies in Dhaka's Vision-2041 Smart Tower (STP-2) and promote digital entrepreneurship more broadly among young professionals and women. It will design and implement a program that supports digital entrepreneurship at three levels. First, it will establish modern and professional start-up and scale-up facilities and services in Software Technology Park's (STPs). Second, it will introduce entrepreneurship and innovation hubs in different public and private technological universities. This will also offer accredited and rapid training programs to budding entrepreneurs and managers in the IT and ITeS field. Thirdly, it will offer a

media-based challenge program with grant prices to help change attitudes and attract more youth, women and young professionals to consider becoming entrepreneurs.

Sub-component 4.2: Bangladesh Hi-Teck Park Authority is going to develop an effective ecosystem with respect to digital entrepreneurship in Bangladesh and to upgrade existing innovation culture in the country. The intension is to establish University Innovation Hubs as the key driver to promote innovation culture and nurture future leaders for innovation and hence to motivated setting up new ventures and startup among new generation. Under this sub-component, University Innovation Hubs and Incubation centers will be established in a few Universities in Bangladesh. Initially, Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology (BUET), Chattogram University, Khulna University, Rajshahi University of Engineering and Technology, Sahjalal University of Science and Technology, Sylhet, United International University, Dhaka has been selected for the purpose. Some more universities are also under consideration where innovation hubs will be set up in phases. The sites of six universities have been inspected. This brief report was prepared for the Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology (BUET), an innovation hub based on ES screening, site visits, and information gathered from university authorities and consultation with relevant stakeholders.

1.2. Objectives of ESA

The objectives of the ESA are:

- To identify and assess the environmental and social risks and impacts of the sub-component (University Innovation Hub) based on screening examination, site visits and information gathered from university authorities and consultation with relevant stakeholders during preconstruction, construction and operation phases;
- ii. To develop a mitigation approach to the sub-components environmental and social risks and impacts;
- iii. Recommend specific measures to avoid or mitigate adverse environmental and social impacts and to enhance positive impacts.
- iv. Prepare Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) for managing the environmental and socials impacts and risks and;
- v. Recommend suitable institutional mechanisms to monitor and supervise effective implementation of ESMP

1.3 Scope of the ESA

The scope of the ESA is to:

- i. A general description of the project and existing physical, biological and socio-economic conditions;
- ii. Identification and assessment of the potential impacts on the natural and human environment in the sub-component area, from the construction and operation phases;
- iii. Consultation with the locals/stakeholders involving concerned people to identify ES risk and impacts consistent with screening examination.

1.4 Approach and Methodology

The task of preparing this ESA report consisted of the following sequential steps:

- Identification of all the activities to be undertaken under the component;
- Identification and screening of the environmental issues relevant to the proposed activities through a scoping process;
- Site visits to capture environmental and social baseline;
- Identify Stakeholders and consultation with relevant parties;
- Assessment of potential risk and impacts on relevant environmental and social parameters;
- Preparation of Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP)

Field visit has been done to the sub-component site helped to identify the environmental parameters/components (relevant to the sub-component actions) which are likely to be affected. The field visit also included participatory approach, which involved discussions with teachers, students and officials in order to identify the perceptions and priorities of the stakeholders in and around the academic area. Information was also derived from secondary sources such as different reports, satellite imagery and Google maps etc.

2. Sub-component Description

Component 4, which will be implemented by the BHTPA, aims to strengthen the foundation of the digital entrepreneurship and innovation ecosystem in Bangladesh and take advantage of the increasing global and domestic demand for digital services further ramped up by the Covid-19 pandemic. It will create the country's largest agglomeration of ITS and ITES SMEs in Dhaka's Vision 2041 Smart Tower (STP-2) that will be turned into a green building; and promote digital entrepreneurship more broadly among young professionals and women. Digital entrepreneurship will be supported at three levels. First, it will establish modern and professional start-up and scale-up facilities and services in STPs. Second, it will pilot entrepreneurship and innovation hubs in some leading technological universities and business schools. This will also offer accredited and rapid training programs to budding entrepreneurs and managers in the ITS and ITES field. Third, it will offer a media-based challenge program with prices to help change attitudes and attract more youth, women, and young professionals to consider becoming entrepreneurs. The goals are to create entrepreneurship hubs, to increase market entry and growth rates of digital startups and SMEs, and to create a gender-inclusive culture. The Component 4 will be managed by BHTPA and aims to strengthen the foundation of the digital entrepreneurship and innovation ecosystem. The component 4 of the PRIDE project has two sub-components:

Under the sub-component 4.2 the University Innovation Hubs in Dhaka, Chattogram, Dhaka, Rajshahi, Khulna and Sylhet and other places of the country will be established to attract more students to become digital entrepreneurs within leading technological universities and business schools. Professional operators will be engaged to design, operate and then transfer the University Innovation Hubs to the universities in which they are embedded. The project will finance refurbishment/works, including retrofitting of existing buildings with architectural or building changes that enable reduction of energy consumption, energy efficiency improvements in lighting appliances and equipment of the innovation hub spaces in existing universities as well as goods and technical assistance to ensure that the new facilities can attract top talent and service providers.

The UIHs will over time be expected to expand to add complementary innovation activities such as hardware prototyping spaces, joint research centers with industry, technology transfer offices, etc. This is in line with the University Grants Commission's (UGC) vision and objectives. The objective is to develop systematic programs that include investment into commercializing research and supporting innovative ideas so that UGC can demonstrate academia's role in the ecosystem. BHTPA will develop and mainstream innovation hub guidelines for university-based Innovation hubs, which will follow international standards and focus on outcomes and key principles that would allow flexibility to innovation, local customization and adjustments to develop suitable models for universities.

2.1 Planned Activities

- Identify key approaches for university innovation hubs through analyzing local context, potentiality and the prevailing skill gap, and propose program designs and strategies that will enable delivery of the promised results, including the preparation of annual work plans.
- Design, develop and deploy a management information system (MIS) and operational processes customized to local needs as well as necessary digital systems to manage and track the incubation program to be run under this project.
- Provide mentoring of the selected startups in developing their products/ services to commercialization by developing an innovation culture in hubs throughout the project period.
- Transfer the programs to the universities in which they are embedded to ensure program sustainability.
- This will include training-of-trainers activities and overseeing an on-the-job training through methods such as secondment and job shadowing.

2.2 Justification of Establishing Innovation Hub at BUET

BUET is the pioneer in engineering education in Bangladesh. It is also the leader in technological research and innovation in Bangladesh. It has contributed immensely to nation-building since its establishment by providing expert services to hallmark infrastructure development projects. Faculty members work closely with industry and the Government to address crucial problems and formulate national policies and strategies in various sectors.

In the era of smart Bangladesh, BUET has established Research and Innovation Centre for Science and Engineering (RISE). RISE-BUET has been working toward building a platform to collaborate with relevant government and non-government organizations to identify national research priorities and develop appropriate strategies to initiate sponsored research and development endeavors. RISE-BUET is also working to achieve the following objectives:

- •Promotion of indigenous and novel innovations for the benefit of the society and country.
- •Establishment of a functional platform that allows researchers at all levels to innovate while maintaining the highest ethical standards and best professional practices.
- •Establishment of pathways for laboratory-to-market research and development,
- •Development of meaningful business relationships with sponsors, industry, and investors.

The proposed Innovation cum Incubation Hub under the project of Bangladesh Hi-Tech Park Authority will be established at RISE-BUET to work closely with local and international industries and collaboratively turn research expertise and business ideas into innovative products, services, and processes. This will be the "front door" to launching great ideas and provide a dedicated

incubation and innovation space, making it easier for companies to utilize innovation support, expertise, and facilities. The Innovation and Start-up Incubator will help connect ideas to action and move research from the lab to the marketplace.

The Hub will facilitate collaboration between student entrepreneurs and business leaders. This has been designed to offer tailored advice and mentoring for all entrepreneur-driven ventures that students and graduates are about to start or are looking forward to growing. The Incubator will specifically provide advice in

- •Licensing of the incubated innovation
- Commercialization and building strategic plans
- •Protecting intellectual property
- •Identifying customers and (sub-) licensees
- Company incorporation process

To accelerate the progress of digitalization and transformation of smart Bangladesh, activities of BUET need to be enhanced by establishing this Innovation cum Incubation Hub under the Digital Entrepreneurship and Innovation Eco-System Development Project of the Bangladesh Hi-Tech Park Authority.

2.3. Location of the Project

Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology (BUET) is situated at Polashi adjacent to Dhaka University and Dhaka Medical College. The innovation Hub will be established in the ECE Building (8th Floor), West Palashi Campus, BUET, Dhaka 1205. The project will be implemented on the 8th floor of the existing ECE Building at the allocated space for Research and Innovation Centre for Science and Engineering (RISE).



Figure 2.1: Proposed building where Innovation Hub will be established

2.4. Present condition of the proposed Innovation Hub site

Total area of this floor is presently vacant. This floor is constructed recently and reserved the block for the Innovation Hub. The other spaces of this floor are going to prepare for doing usable. So, the space has sufficient ventilation facilities and suitable for establishing such a Hub (Figure 2.2 -2.6).



Figure 2.2: Proposed site of the university innovation hub



Figure 2.3: Proposed site of the university innovation hub



Figure 2.4: Visiting proposed site of the university innovation hub



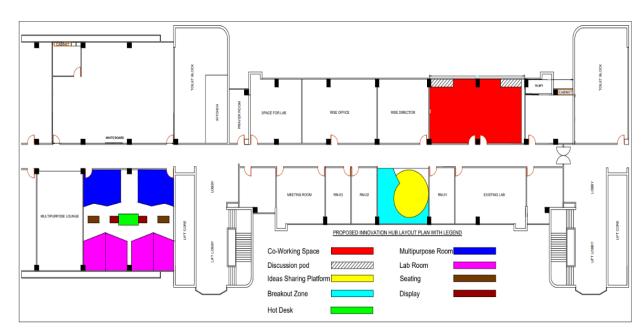
Figure 2.5: Visiting proposed site of the university innovation hub



Figure 2.6: Proposed site of the university innovation hub

2.5 Proposed Interior Layout Plan with Planned Activities





2.6. Estimated Budget for Innovation Hub

Estimated cost for the Innovation Hub is BDT. 1, 69.52, 653.00 (One Crore Sixty-Nine Lac Fifty-Two Thousand Six Hundred Fifty-Three only)

2.7 Project Phases and Activities

The following are the three main project phases as planning and pre-construction, construction and operation and various activities under each phase.

2.7.1 Planning and Pre-Construction Phase

The planning and pre-construction phase of the sub-component involves the following activities. Since the component is planned to be implemented in phases, some of these activities will be in parallel to earlier phases of construction.

- Environmental & Social Assessment (ESA) and the submission of the report.
- Preparation of the site
- Environmental study based on site visit and consultation

2.7.2 Construction Phase

Mainly interior works will be done during construction phases. In addition to these main works other activities may be undertaken as needed. Activities during construction phase of the component are as follows:

- Co-Working Space
- Discussion POD
- Idea Sharing Platform
- Breakfast Zone
- Hot Desk
- Multipurpose room (The all-inclusive meeting space)
- Lab Room
- Seating
- Display

2.7.3 Operation and Maintenance Phase

During the operation phase, there may be some local activities during the maintenance of the constructed / renovated sites. Along with this, the main activities of Innovation Hub will also start. Main activities during operation of the component as follows:

- a) Create a co-working space
- b) Space for pitching and training
- c) Research and development activities
- d) Incubation activities
- e) Mentorship program
- f) Networking events for linkage with potential investors

BUET has its own Operations & Maintenance department fully staffed with experienced and trained engineers and operators for the smooth functioning of the activities. These personnel will be engaged during component implementation for optimal functioning of the activities.

3. Potential Environmental and Social Risks, Impact and Mitigation Measures

The objective of the project is to establish a world class business environment for targeted high growth industrial sector and new business and to develop indigenous technological capability for the development of the local industries. Thus, the IT Business Incubators will have a positive

impact in innovation and entrepreneurship, research and development among IT Professionals, Entrepreneurs, and Graduates of the Academic Institutions.

Though the component's work is expected to have some positive social impacts, there may be anticipated some low or minor concern about the environmental and social aspects related to the activities of project implementation period. For example, site preparation renovation activities, setting up small stock yards for typical pre-construction phase activities. However, it is expected that the extent and scale of the impacts will be of low and can be easily mitigated by applying the best methods and appropriate mitigation measures. Those mitigation measures should be in line with the provisions of the World Bank's ESF and in accordance with the requirements of national legislation.

There are some common impacts during pre-construction and construction/renovation phase for the establishments of the Innovation Hubs. For example, impacts during the construction/renovation phase may include:

- Operation of vehicles and equipment like, grinding machine, hammer drill, hammer saw etc. during site/floor preparation and construction, hauling of equipment is likely to increase the noise level and dust emission in the buildings
- Generation of solid waste (if any) can block drainage channels and contaminate land resources if not handled properly
- Since the Innovation Hubs will be in university areas where traffic movement is minimal, additional vehicle movement can create little congestions particularly in areas where the academic building is situated
- Interactions of students and teachers with workers can spread any contagious disease in absence of proper care.
- Female students can be harassed at any time if proper care is not taken against any SH

Positive Social Impacts

The proposed Project is expected to have some positive social impacts such as:

- In the long run, the work will contribute to an overall improvement in government effectiveness
- It will improve investment climate, and potentially contributing to more investment
- Will create new jobs in the IT sector of the country
- Will promote innovation and entrepreneurship, research and development among IT professionals, entrepreneurs, and graduates of the academic institutions.
- Also, in terms of the construction work to be undertaken, there are also several positive impacts associated with the civil works such as:
 - o Employment of local labor, creation of jobs.
 - Improvement of associated existing infrastructure (improved waste management and sanitation facilities)
- Positive economic impacts on small market suppliers for raw materials needed during construction (i.e., building materials).

Negative Social Impacts

Community Health and Safety Risks

Since there are no mass level construction activities or civil work, the overall risk of the component's work is low. Though there may be a need for some construction (small construction or renovation or rearrangement) of the Innovation Hub within existing building, it is expected to have minimal community health and safety risks. Construction sites may be a source of both liquid and solid wastes if not properly managed.

Land and Livelihoods

The Innovation Hubs will be established within the university campus, the centers are likely to be housed inside existing buildings of the university. So, this will not affect the land or livelihood of the campus. Since the location of the component will be inside the university boundaries, there will be no land acquisition or people would need to relocate or resettle.

Impacts on Cultural and Historic Heritage

As the location of the sub-component will be inside the university boundaries, where there are no cultural or historic heritages in those locations. There is also no archeological site in the proposed locations.

Labor Influx

The Project is expected to stimulate minimal labor migration. Several features of the Project could prompt in- migration. For example, construction works or establishment of innovation centers may require construction workers, IT professionals, administrative staffs etc. This is likely to act as a magnet for people and are likely to attract some in-migrants. This may impact worker-student interaction, including harassment of students, possible clashes etc.

The construction related works for establishing the Innovation centers are minimal. Most construction workers will be most likely predominantly younger men. And if they are far away from home on the construction job, they are typically separated from their family and act outside their normal sphere of social control. This can lead to inappropriate and criminal behavior, such as sexual harassment of women and girls, exploitative sexual relations, and illicit sexual relations with minors from the local community.

COVID-19 Health and Safety of the Workforce

The project will require construction workers that may raise issues with manual labor employment, particularly regarding potential transmission risks for COVID-19 both within the worksite and for nearby communities, although a large number of workers may not be involved under this subcomponent. These risks are not only from workers that are mobilized locally but also workers moving from other regions/countries. Moreover, the national COVID-19 response protocol guidelines will be adopted by the contractors for the health and safety of the labors.

HIV & AIDS Impacts

If there is any migration, that will be very minimal and it is not expected that it will have a major impact on health issues. But it cannot deny that this low labor influx can have some behavioral influences which may increase the spread of diseases such as Human Immuno- Deficiency Virus (HIV), Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) and other Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs)

Air and Dust Pollution

Due to movement of vehicles and cutting for construction/renovation works can contribute to air and dust pollution. This can lead to impacts to the surrounding environment of the buildings where the centers will be set up.

Noise and Vibration

Increased noise level (noise from the mechanical machinery and equipment, vehicles, construction and renovation work etc.) may occur during the establishment of the centers. If there is excessive noise and vibration it can cause nuisance to ongoing academic activities in the existing buildings.

Traffic

Though there will not be that much loaded transports for the project construction works but since the site is within university areas where roads are very minimal there may be slight congestion during movement of loaded transport.

Typical Mitigation Measures

This ESMP highlighted a broad range of mitigation and enhancement measures to reduce negative impacts and enhance benefits of the establishment of the Innovation centers. Mitigation measures are identified and designed to avoid or eliminate or offset adverse environmental impacts, or reduce them to acceptable levels during both construction and operation phases of a project intervention.

Due to the construction of a University Innovation Hub at BUET, there may occur some environmental and social aspects and consequently, there will be some impacts. The mitigation measures corresponding to individual impacts and estimated cost are outlined in chapter 5.

4. Stakeholder Consultation

4.1 Introduction

The purpose of public consultation meetings was to invite comments and detailed suggestions on any environmental and social issues considered relevant by the people living around the site. The public consultation program is an essential part of the environmental assessment process and has been undertaken both formally and informally to ensure that the knowledge, experience, and views of stakeholders during the ESA work and mitigation measures and the suggestions from the stakeholders have been include in this ESA.

4.2 Approach and Methodology for Consultation

The approach undertaken for information disclosure and consultation involved the following key processes.

- Mapping and Identification of key stakeholders
- Undertaking consultation, interviews with the respective stakeholders
- Assessing the influence and impact of the sub-component based on stakeholder's comments
- Summarizing of key findings and observations from the consultation

4.3 Consultation

Stakeholder consultations at the beginning phase of the ESA preparation were held with the teachers, students and BUET officials during May 2023. The key findings of the consultations are described in Table 4.1.

Table 4.1: key findings of the consultations

SL	Key issues raised	Participants/Type	Response	
1	How they know	Students/ Faculty/	Most of the participants said,	
	about the project?	Teachers/ officials of	they have heard that an	
		BUET	innovation hub will be	
			established in Bangladesh	
			University of Engineering and	
			Technology (BUET) finance	
			by the BHTPA.	
2	Who lives and	Students, Teachers,	During day time when	
	works near the	Officials and Staff of	academic /Research and other	
	project/sub-	Bangladesh University of	works on going the Students,	
	component site and	Engineering and	Teachers, Officials and Staff	
	how the project	Technology (BUET)	of Bangladesh University of	
	will affect their		Engineering and Technology	
	health and safety		(BUET) will be present. So,	
			the noise during	
			construction/renovation of	
			Innovation hub may create a	
			minimal disruption of their	
			academic session. They	
			requested the project authority	
			\mathcal{C}	
			•	
			_	
			-	
			to be careful during construction/renovation period to take steps so the noise during construction work does less hamper, because a calm environment is needed while academic session is going on.	

3	Time of construction work and carrying construction goods to site	DEIEDP/ BHTPA representatives, Environmental Specialist/ Social Specialist, Project Engineers and University Authority/Contractor	Participants said, carrying construction materials at night will be good. Construction work should be done during daytime. Construction materials would not be carried in the location daily, rather once or twice in a week. Participants suggested to carry the construction goods during weekends such as Thursday/Friday when offices, academic activities are off.
4	What measures should be taken regarding dust and other pollutions/ wastes during construction period?	DEIEDP/ BHTPA representatives, Environmental Specialist/Social Specialist, Project Engineers and University Authority/Contractor	It is assured them mitigation measures are to be mentioned in the ESMP report if any environmental impacts happen during renovation/construction period on minimizing environmental pollution. Brick, sand, cement etc. will be kept inside the construction boundary covering by tarpaulin. It is also assured them high priority will be taken to minimize disturbance during construction. Regularly spraying water on the construction materials will also be followed to minimize the level of dust in the air. Participants were ensured that an indicative budget will be kept for the proper management of wastes.
5	Labor influx	DEIEDP/ BHTPA	This is not a big construction
		representatives,	work. Moreover, the number

		Environmental Specialist/ Social Specialist, Project	of labors will not be high. There will be a labor
		Engineers and University Authority/Contractor	management Plan and GRM process to mitigate the labor
		·	influx issue properly.
			University authority
			/Contractor will provide a
			room/camp with all facilities
			including water, toilet and
			living arrangements etc.
			Despite that, proper training
			will be arranged for laborer,
			contractor and his
			representatives. Where
			SEA/SH will also be
	T	DEIEDD/ DIITDA	included.
6	Traffic	DEIEDP/ BHTPA representatives,	Participants agreed on the problem in case of any
	management	Environmental Specialist/	traffic management. Though it
		Social Specialist, Project	will be very minimal.
		Engineers and University	win be very minimar.
		Authority/Contractor	
7	Occupational	DEIEDP/ BHTPA	To ensure occupational
	health	representatives,	health and safety during
	Safety (OHS)	Environmental Specialist/	construction OHS training will
	during	Social Specialist, Project	be provided for all laborers,
	construction	Engineers and University	contractor and/or
		Authority/Contractor	representatives. A full set of
			PPEs will be provided for
			ensuring the health and safety
			of labors. Provision of PPE
			cost will be included in ESMP
			of the project BoQ.



Figure 4.1: Meeting with Vice Chancellor and Director RISE



Figure 4.2: Meeting with Vice Chancellor and Director RISE

5. Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) including Cost

5.1 Introduction

Carrying out environmental and social screening of the sub-component, it appears that impact of the activities would not have any significant environmental and social impact, as there would not be construction of any new building under this sub-component and would include small scale civil work within the existing infrastructure. The University Innovation Hubs and incubation centers will be set up in the existing building of the university. However, this Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) will ensure that all the activities of the component are screened out, and those activities are supported where the potential environmental and social risks and impacts are predictable, not significant in magnitude and site specific with low probability of serious adverse effects to human health and/or environment.

Therefore, depending on the scope, design and location of the sub-sub-project, establishment of an innovation hub will have very minimal environmental and social risks and impacts. As such this sub-project may fall under low risk as per WBs risk classification. Whereas according to national law, the sub-project activities is not listed in the schedule 07 of Bangladesh Environment Conservation Rules 2023. However, the screening report and public consultations suggest some mitigation measures to reduce negative impacts during construction and operation phases. The mitigation measures corresponding to individual impacts and estimated cost are outlined in (Table 5.1).

Table 5. 1: Identification of Potential Environmental and Social Impacts and suggested mitigation measures.

Activities	Environmental and Social Impacts	Suggested Mitigation Measures	Time and Responsibility including approx. estimated cost in Taka
A	В	С	D
Accommodation for Labor (If the university in its existing facilities can provide sufficient space for the laborers with all facilities mentioned in column C, then no separate labor shed will be required)	 Ventilation problem Drinking water problem Sanitation problem Sewerage problem Although there will be minimal labor migration, labor-student interaction can have an impact on students and staff if proper 	 Proper ventilation facilities need to be required Need to be ensured potable water Toilet facilities with sufficient water supply and proper sewerage network need to be completed on time Very minimal risk of Gender based Violence (GBV), SH, social 	 If required, a labor shed should be prepared before construction activities The approx. estimated cost for this activity is Tk. 80,000 (Eighty thousand only)

Construction activities inside the building and vehicle movement with	measures are not taken This can lead to inappropriate behavior such as SH of female students and women. Dust emission Air pollution	disturbance, and communicable diseases due to the low-level influx of migrant workers. • Any cases of GBV, SH and SEA will be referred to the appropriate authority (GRC) to redress the issue. • (If the university in its existing facilities can provide sufficient space for the laborers with all facilities mentioned above then no separate labor shed will be required). • Control dust by spraying water on dust emitting	Responsibility: Contractor a. Water spraying at least 2 times/day and as
construction materials		 materials during construction period Uncovered aggregates and loose materials such as sand, construction wastes, etc. should be covered well. Use tarpaulins to cover sand and other loose material when transported by vehicles Perform the preconstruction activities at night time and minimize work done during the day-time Regulate the speed limitation for vehicles inside the university areas. Care should be taken while moving 	per requirement. b. The approx. estimated cost for these activities is Tk. 20,000 (Twenty thousand) only Responsibility: Contractor

be OH pro	proposed onsite elopments. much as possible ntain social ancing during struction works. necessary movement uld be avoided ed face masks should disposed properly. S training may be vided at the site for laborers and related sons.
Noise generation because of vibration inside the using building may cause a nuisance for the students and disturb any academic activities Noise generation vibration inside the using power and students and teachers it such academic activities coverage.	re is no possibility of a. The approximate

		■ If there is a need to cut	Responsibility:
		any tiles, the noise	Contractor
		should be kept to a	
		minimum so that it does	
		not go beyond the	
		national standards.	
		Possible measures	
		should be taken to reduce	
		noise from the work of	
		tiles.	
		■ Use noise barrier and	
		absorbing materials in	
		case of other noise	
		sources as for example:	
		Welding, Drilling, tiles	
		fitting, mixture machine,	
		woodwork, etc.	
		,	
		Unnecessary movement of workers should be	
		avoided during class-	
Einst Aid Essilits	A '1 , 1	time.	o The common
First Aid Facility	• Accidents can be severe		a. The approx.
	without any onsite first		estimated
	aid facility	kits including sanitizer	cost for these
		and any other COVID-19	activities is
		kits (following COVID-	Tk. 30,000 (Thirty
		19 protocol).	thousand)
			only
			T. 11 111
			Responsibility:
			Contractor

Placing of barrier and precautionary signal/signboard/banne r/ Information about GRM Focal point	• If there are no safety barriers or boundary lines or signal posts, students and teachers may have an accident while passing through the site.	 Provide safety signage at construction points visible to all so that everybody can identify the area to avoid any accident To aware of the workers, students, teachers, and officials,' safety barriers should be placed, and precautionary signage/signboards/ban ners, etc. should be hung to avoid any accident. 	a. The approx. estimated cost for these activities is Tk. 20,000 (Twenty thousand) only Responsibility: Contractor
Waste Management	Without proper management of different solid wastes may cause pollution hazards and GHG emission	 "Segregation of different waste at sources and keeping the waste in separate colorbins (Yellow for general waste, Green for organic Waste, Red for toxic, hazardous, and e-waste). Transfer the wastes to the universities or City Corporation's designated dumping site. Incorporate Waste reduction principle 	a. The approximate estimated cost for these activities is Tk. 20,000 (Twenty thousand) only Responsibility: Contractor
Fire fighting facility	There should be fire fighting system in case of unexpected fire. Otherwise, it can lead to dangerous problems in and around the innovation hub floor.	As per BNBC 2020 proper type and size of fire extinguishers should be installed at convenient points. Minimum 04 extinguishers need to be installed.	The approximate estimated cost for this activity is Tk. 50,000 (Fifty thousand) only. Responsibility: Contractor

Capacity building and	Ensure that all site	■ Awareness campaign	a. The approximate
Awareness Training	personnel have a	and provide training	estimated
	basic level of	on the compliances of	cost for these
	environmental and	EHS/OHS including	activities is Tk.
	social awareness	COVID-19 protocol to	30,000 (Thirty
	training	the employees and	thousand) only
		workers of the	
		Contractor and	Responsibility:
		including others.	Contractor
		■ In the training	
		program SEA, GBV	
		and SH issues will also	
		be included.	

6. Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan

6.1 Introduction

Environmental and social monitoring plan is an essential tool about environmental management as it provides basic information for rational management decisions. The prime objectives of monitoring are:

- To check on whether mitigation and benefit enhancement measures are being adopted and are providing effective in practice
- To provide a means whereby impacts which were subject to uncertainty at the time of preparation of ESMP, or which were unforeseen, can be identified, and steps to be taken to adopt appropriate control measures.
- To provide information on the actual nature and extent of key impacts and the effectiveness of the mitigation measures which, through a feedback mechanism, can be taken into account in the planning and execution of similar projects in future.
- There are two basic forms of monitoring:
 - Visual observation or checking
 - o Physical measurement of selected parameters (if required)

As the sub-component activities are minor in nature and the possibility of environmental and social impacts are expected to be very low, therefore, physical measurement of different parameters of water, air and soil and any other will not be required. But there should be regular checking and observations by the contractors and PMU consultants to identify any impacts. The importance of this monitoring program is also for ensuring that the project/component does not create adverse environmental changes in the area and providing a database of operations and maintenance, which can be utilized if unwarranted complaints are made.

An Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan has been prepared (Table 6.1) along with this ESA for the execution as a means to mitigate or minimize the adverse impacts associated with

construction and operational activities of the project/component on the natural and social environments.

6.2. Objectives

The objective of environmental and social monitoring during the construction and operation phases is to compare the monitored data against the baseline condition collected during the study period to assess the effectiveness of the mitigation measures and the protection of the ambient environment based on national standards. The main objectives of the pre-construction, construction and operation phase monitoring plans will be to:

- i. Monitor the actual impact of the works on physical, biological and socioeconomic receptors within the project corridor for indicating the adequacy of the ESA;
- ii. Ensure compliance with legal and community obligations including safety on construction sites;
- iii. Appraise the adequacy of the ESA with respect to the project's predicted long-term impacts on the corridor's physical, biological and socio-economic environment;
- iv. Evaluate the effectiveness of the mitigation measures proposed in the ESMP and recommend improvements, if necessary; and
- v. Compile periodic accident data to support analyzes that will help reduce future risks.

Table 6. 1: Environmental and social management Plan - Monitoring Action

No.	Environmental	Purpose of the	Moni	toring Method		Respon	sibility
	and	Monitoring	Method of Collecting	Location	Duration and	Implementatio	Supervisio
	social Issues		and Reporting Data		Frequency	n	n
			Purpose of the Monitor				
	Preparing ESMP	Ensuring the	Preparation of report through		During the design	PMU	BHTPA
1.1		compliance	site visit and visual	work site	and pre-		
		with design and	checking		construction		
		construction method			period		
		and schedule					
	Existing	Implementation of	Obtain record of	In the work	Prior to	Contractor	PMU
1.2	Utilities	ESMP	implantation	site	contractor		
					mobilization		
	ESMP	Implementation of	Obtain record of	PMU/Site	Prior to	CSC/Contracto	PMU
1.3	Implementation	ESMP	training		workers	r	
	Training				mobilization		
	·		2.0 Construction Phas	e			
	Air quality	Evaluation of effect of	Visual observation	In the work	Visual monitoring	Contractor	CSC/PMU
		the	or checking &	site	on a daily basis		
2.1		mitigation measure	consultation with				
		towards air	local people				
		pollution					
	Noise &	Evaluation of effect of	Visual observation of the	In the work	Visual monitoring	Contractor	CSC/PMU
	Vibration	the	activities or checking	site	on daily basis		
2.2			& consultation with				
			local people				

		mitigation measure					
		towards noise					
		pollution					
	Waste	Evaluation of effect of the	Record of kinds and	In the work	Continuous,	Contractor	CSC/PMU
2.3	Management	mitigation measure for	quantity of waste, and	site and	during		
		waste	the disposal method	Worker's	construction		
				camp (if	period		
				any)			
	Traffic	Evaluation of effect of	Visual observation	In the work	Continuous,	Contractor	
	Congestion	construction schedule	or checking &	site	during		
2.4			consultation with		construction		CSC/PMU
			local people		period		
			Record of accidents,				
			Record of numbers				
			construction				
	Community	Evaluation of effect of	Visual observation	In the project	Continuous,	Contractor	
2.5	health	the	or checking &	area	during		CSC/PMU
	and safety	work safety plan	consultation with		construction		
			local people		period		
	Worker's health	Evaluation of effect of	Visual observation	In the work	Continuous,		
2.6	and safety	the	or checking &	site	during	Contractor	CSC/PMU
		work safety plan	consultation with worker		construction		
					period		
	Post-	Evaluation the	Visual observation	In the work	At the end of		
2.7	construction	implementation of	or checking &	site	construction	Contractor	CSC/PMU
	clean-up	ESMP	consultation with		period along		
			local people		with the		
			Reporting		ESMP		

					implementatio		
					n		
	Submission of	Evaluation the	Record of report	PMU and	At the end of		
2.8	ESMP	implementation of	submission	WB	construction	Contractor	CSC/PMU
	implementation	ESMP			period		
	report						
			3.0 Operation Phase				
	Air Quality		Visual observation or			BUET	
3.1			checking, and	BUET	During operation		DEIEDP/BHTP
			consultation with		period		A
			stakeholders, University				
			O&M budget (if				
			necessary) for periodic				
	Noise Level		Visual observation or		During operation	BUET	
3.2			checking, and	BUET	period		DEIEDP/BHTP
			consultation with				A
			stakeholders.				
			University O&M				
			budget (if necessary)				
			for periodic				
			monitoring				
		To resolve the GBV,	Ensuring training,			BUET	
3.3	Awareness	Equal	information campaign and		During operation		
		opportunity issues	monitor:		period		
			Number of trainings	BUET			DEIEDP/B
			Number of				НТРА
			awareness				
			program				

		 Number of 				
		beneficiaries				
		■ Monitor				
		distribution				
		of code of conduct				
		& GBV related cases				
	Health &	Visual observation or	BUET			
3.4	Safety	checking and		During	BHTPA	ВНТРА
		consultation with local		operation		
		stakeholders. University		period		
		O&M budget (if				
		necessary) for periodic				
		monitoring				

7. Grievance Mechanism

7.1 Grievance Mechanism Structure

The purpose of the GRM is to record and address any complaint that may arise during the project period effectively and efficiently. The GRM is designed to address concerns and complaints promptly and transparently with no impacts (cost, discrimination) for any reports made by project affected people (PAPs) and the complainants. Necessary signboard/bill board would be placed at the central places where people gather for sharing detailed information of the project.

DEIEDP/BHTPA Level Grievance Redress Mechanism

The BHTPA level GRC shall be comprised of the following members:

Sl. No	Name/Designation	Organization	Position in GRC
1	Director (Admin & Finance)	BHTPA	Convener
2	Project Director, DEIEDP	BHTPA	Member
3	Environmental Specialist	DEIEDP, BHTPA	Member
4	Social Specialist	DEIEDP, BHTPA	Member
5	Representative of University	University	Member
6	Deputy Director Planning &	ВНТРА	Member
7	Assistant Director, DEIEDP	DEIEDP, BHTPA	Member Secretary

The BHTPA level Grievance redress committee shall do everything possible to hear and determine the issues within 15 (fifteen) days from the date the case has been transferred to it from the PIU and University level. 7(Seven) days' time may be extended if within 15(fifteen) days the case will not be settled. To ensure impartiality and transparency, hearings on complaints will remain open to the public. The GRCs will record the details of the complaints, the reasons that led to acceptance or rejection of the particular cases, and the decision agreed with the complainants. The GRC shall communicate the outcome to the aggrieved PAP(s)/staffs in writing. The GRC shall maintain a record of all outcomes related to each case.

7.2 GRM Monitoring and Reporting

Day-to-day implementation of the GRM and reporting to the World Bank will be the responsibility of the Project Director. To ensure management oversight of grievance handling, the Internal Safeguard team will be responsible for monitoring the overall process, including verification that agreed resolutions are actually implemented.

7.3 GRM contact information -DEIEDP/ BHTPA

Information on the project will be available on the project's website and will be posted on information boards in a suitable visible place in the project site. Details information of GRC contact person will also be available in information boards at project site. The point of contact regarding any grievances at DEIEDP/BHTPA is given below:

Description	Contact details
Company:	DEIEDP, Bangladesh High-Tech Park Authority
То:	Project Director
Address:	DEIEDP, Bangladesh Hi-Tech Park Authority, ICT Tower (9th Floor), E-14/X Agargaon, Dhaka-1207
E-mail:	pd.deiedp@bhtpa.gov.bd
Website & Telephone	www.bhtpa.gov.bd : +88-02- 55006889 Mobile: 01849462230

Annexes

1 Environmental Screening Form (Prepared by Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology (BUET). and verified by Environmental Specialist of DEIEDP)

Project Name: University Innovation Hub at Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology (BUET).

Project Details in Brief: An Innovation cum Incubation Hub at BUET will be established at the Research and Innovation Centre for Science and Engineering (RISE), BUET, under the project of Bangladesh Hi-Tech Park Authority (ডিজিটাল উদ্যোক্তা এবং উদ্ভাবন ইকোসিস্টেম উন্নয়ন প্রকল্প).

Project location/s: RISE, ECE Building (8th Floor), West Palashi Campus, BUET, Dhaka 1205.

	Project Details					
Sl.no	Components	Details				
1	Project components	i) Working space development.				
		ii) Incubation laboratory development.				
		iii) Breakout room/ isolation room/ meeting				
		room development.				
		iv) Entrepreneur lounge development.				
		v) Start-up/ Incubation training and workshop				

	2	Details of Alignment/Components	i) Working facilities for 25 students and				
		(Main components including	young entrepreneurs.				
		construction activities)	ii) Incubation lab space of approximately 200				
			square feet, accommodating 25 users.				
			iii) Breakout room/ isolation room of				
			approximately 300 square feet.				
			iv) Lounge space of approximately 400				
			square feet.				
	3	Location of the Project Sites &	ECE Building (8th Floor), West Palashi Campus,				
		Current Land use (Provide	BUET, Dhaka 1205; The project will be				
		information for all sites involved in	implemented in the 8 th floor of the existing ECE				
		the project), any historic land use	Building at the allocated space for Research and				
		(related to heritage, or	Innovation Centre for Science and Engineering				
		contamination)	(RISE).				
		Site Survey No:/s (with ownership),	Site Survey No: n/a				
		Geographical co-ordinates of the	Geographical				
		site	co-ordinates: 23°43'36"N 90°23'18"E				
1							

Proposed Resource Use

Resou	Resource Use							
Sl.no	Proposed Resources	Area/ Quantity	Unit	Details				
(i).	Land Area proposed to be used: Location wise (in sq km/sqm)	4000	Square fee	Floor space of 4000 square feet in the 8 th floor of the existing ECE building.				
(ii).	Estimated energy consumption for the Project activities—Source wise	50	Kilo Watt (kW)	Electrical energy will be consumed from the existing electrical system of the ECE building.				

(iii).	Estimated usage of water quantity for	100	Liter (ltr)/	Existing water system in
	the		day	the ECE building.
	project: Ground Water and Surface			
	water?			

Baseline Environmental Conditions

Sl.no	Environmental Aspects	Yes	No	Details
1	Is the project site located on or adjacent to any of the following (Provide information for all sites and alignment of the project components/subcomponents, associated activities; mention distance to these features in meters/kilo meters)			
i)	Critically Vulnerable Coastal Areas, Ecosensitive Areas		No	
ii)	Cultural Heritage site, Protected monuments		No	
iii)	Natural Forests/ Protected Areas Is the project in an eco-sensitive or adjoining an eco-sensitive area?		No	
iv)	Any other Wetlands/ Mangrove/ Estuarine Region?		No	
v)	Any Natural Habitat areas, areas with natural features?		No	
vi)	Any other Sensitive Environmental Components?		No	
vii)	Any Residences, schools, hospitals, sensitive receptors?		No	

viii)	Any culturally— socially important paths, areas/religious occupancies, burial grounds, tourist or pilgrim congregation areas, borders, etc.?	No	
ix)	Any Drinking water source, upstream And downs stream uses of rivers, etc.?	No	
x)	Any Low-lying areas prone to flooding/ areas of Tidal Influence?	No	
xi)	Any areas affected by other disasters?	No	
2	Is the site in Critical /Over exploited condition?	No	
3	Is the area disaster- prone? If yes; list all	No	

Sl.no	Environmental Aspects	Yes	No	Details
	Disaster zone categories applicable			
4	Describe the soil and vegetation onsite	n/a	n/a	
5	Is the site area and condition suitable for Proposed development?	Yes		
6	Describe existing pollution or degradation in the site	n/a	n/a	
7	Any other remark on baseline condition?		No	

Anticipated Environmental Impacts: Impacts on Land, Geology and Soils

Sl.no	Impacts	Yes/	No	Details
		May create		
8.	Will the proposed project cause the	e following or	n Land/Soi	1?
i)	Impact on Surrounding		No	
	Environmental cconditions			
	including Occupation on Low			
	lying lands/flood plains			

ii)	Substantial removal of Topsoil (mention area in sqm)	No	
iii)	Any degradation of land / ecosystems Expected due to the project?	No	
iv)	Loss or impacts on Cultural/heritage properties	No	
v)	Does the project activity involve cutting and filling/blasting etc.?	No	
vi)	Will the project cause physical changes? in the project area (e.g., changes to the topography) due to earth filling excavation, earthwork or any other activity?	No	
vii)	Will the project involve any quarrying Mining etc.?	No	
viii	Will the project/any of its component contaminate or pollute the Land?	No	

Impacts on Water Environment

Sl.no	Impacts	Yes/May	Details
		Create	
9	Will the subproject or its compo	onents cause any of th	e following impact on
	Water sources (Quantity or Qua	lity):	
i)	Will the activities have		
	Proposed at the site(s)		
	Impact water quality (surface or		
	underground) and water		
	resource availability and		
	use? Will this sub- project		
	involve the dredging of water		
	bodies, sea, canals, etc.		
,			
ii)	Impacts on Water Resources		
iii)	Pollution of Water		
	bodies/ground water nearby or		
	down stream		
iv)	Will do not of effect the		
11)	Will the project affect the rive /cannel flow pattern, strear		
	pattern or any other irrigatio		
	canal?		
	Curiur .		
v)	Will the project result in		
	stagnation of water flow or		
	pondage or weed growth		

Impacts on Biodiversity and Host Communities

Sl.n	Environmental Impacts	Yes/May Create	No	Details
10	Will the sub project or its compone diversity or the neighbor hood	ents cause any	of the fol	llowing impacts on Bio

i)	Will the project necessitates cuttin of?	No	
ii)	Will the project result in Health & Safety Risks in the neighborhood including the release of toxic gases, accident risks	No	
iii)	Potential risk of habitat fragmentation due to the clearing activities? (e.g. Hindrance to the local biodiversity like disturbing the migratory path of animals /birds etc.)	No	
iv)	Potential Noise and Light Pollution or disturbance to surrounding habitats/ communities	No	
v)	Potential disruption to common property, accessibility, traffic disruptions, conflicts or disruption to the local community within the subproject area?	No	

Impacts due to Storage and Wastes: Pollution and Hazards

	Туре	Yes	No	Details
11	Will the sub project or its components ca wastes or pollution due to releases during	, ,		,

i)	Will the project use or stordangerous substances (e.g., larg quantities of hazardous chemicals materials like Chlorine, Diesel, Petroleur products; any other?		No	
ii)	Will the project produce solid or liquid wastes; including construction/demolition wastes; polluted liquids?	Very little		
iii)	Will the project cause or increase air pollution or odor nuisance?		No	
iv)	Will the project generate or increase nois levels which will impact surrounding biodiversity or communities	Very little	No	
v)	Will the project generate or increase visual blight or light pollution?		No	
vi)	Will the project cause water pollution? (of water bodies/groundwater)?		No	
vii)	Will the project involve dangerous construction activities which may be safety concern to workers/ hos		No	
viii	Is there a potential for release of toxic gases or accident risks (e.g., potential fire outbreaks)		No	
12	Describe any other features of the project That could influence the ambient environment		No	

Suggested Environmental Enhancement Measures

	Enhancement Measures	Yes	No	Details
13	Has the subproject design considered the	ne following en	hanceme	nt measures?

i)	Energy conservation	n/a	n/a	
-/	measures/energy		11/6	
	recovery options incorporated in sub			
	project design			
	project design			
		Yes	n/a	
ii)	Considered waste minimization or			
	waste reuse/ recycle options			
		n/a	n/a	
iii)	Rain water harvesting, water			
	Recycling and other water resource			
	enhancement measures			
iv)	Considerations for extreme events	n/a	n/a	
	drought, flood, other natural disasters			
vi)	NOC for water withdrawal from	n/a	n/a	
V1)	surface water source	11/α	11/α	
	surface water source			
vii)	Mining Permit (for dredging)	n/a	n/a	
	NOC for transportation and storage	n/a	n/a	
viii)	of diesel, oil and lubricants, etc.			
ix)	Others (Mention)	n/a	n/a	

Annex B: Sample Social Screening Form

Project Name:

University Innovation Hub at Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology. Project location:

RISE, ECE Building (8th Floor), West Palashi Campus, BUET, Dhaka 1205.

Lar	nd Use, Resettlement, and/or Land Acquisition			
Sl.no	Components	Yes	No	Details
1	Does the project involve acquisition of Private land?		No	
2	Alienation of any type of Government land including that owned by Urban Local Body?		No	
3	Clearance of encroachment from Government/Local body Land?	n/a	n/a	
4	Clearance of squatters/hawkers from Government/Local Body Land?	n/a	n/a	
5	Number of structures, both authorized and/or unauthorized to be acquired/ cleared/	n/a	n/a	
6	Number of households to be displaced?	n/a	n/a	
7	Village common properties to be Alienated Pasture Land (acres)Acquisition / Burial ground and others specify?	n/a	n/a	
8	Existing land uses on and around the project area (e.g., community facilities, agriculture, tourism, private property) will be affected?		No	

9	Will the project result in construction? Workers or other people moving in to or having access to the area (for a long-time period and in large numbers compared to permanent residents)?	No	
10	Are financial compensation measures Expected to be needed?	No	

	Land Use, Resettlement, a	nd/or Lan	d Acquisition	on
Sl.no	Components	Yes	No	Details
	Loss of Crops, Fruit Trees, Househo	old Infras	tructure and	livelihood
11	Will the project result in the permanent of temporary loss of the following?			
11.1	Crops?		No	
11.2	Fruit trees? Specify with numbers		No	
11.3	Petty Shops		No	
11.4	Vegetable/Fish/Meat vending		No	
11.5	Cycle repair shop		No	
11.6	Garage		No	
11.7	Tea stalls		No	
11.8	Grazing		No	
11.9	Loss of access to forest produce		No	
11.10	Any others-specify		No	
Welfare,	Employment, and Gender			
12	Is the project likely to provide local employment opportunities, including employment opportunities for women?	Yes		
13	Is the project being planned with sufficient attention to local poverty alleviation objectives?	Yes		

14	Is the project being designed with Sufficient local participation? (Including the participation of women) in the planning, design,	Yes		
Historical	, Archaeological, or Cultural Heritage Site	es		
15	Historical heritage site(s) require excavation near the same?		No	
16	Archaeological heritage site(s)require excavation near the same?		No	
17	Cultural heritage site(s) require excavation near the same?		No	
18	Graves or sacred locations require Excavations near the same?		No	
Tribal Po	pulation/Indigenous People			

Land Use, Resettlement, and/or Land Acquisition							
Sl.no	Components	Yes	No	Details			
19	Does this project involve acquisition of any land belonging to Tribal people?		No				
	Beneficiaries						
20	Population proposed to be benefitted by the proposed project	Approx. no.: 2000					
21	No. of Females proposed to be benefitted by the proposed project	Approx. no.: 1000					
22	Vulnerable households/population to be benefitted	Approx. no.: n/a		n/a			
23	No. of Families to be benefitted	Approx. no.: n/a		n/a			